

Non-Enzymatic Nitric Oxide Assay Refill Kit Product Number: NB88R Store at 4°C FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY Document Control Number: NB88R.121219 Page 1 of 5

Refill Kit for Non-Enzymatic Colorimetric Assay for Nitric Oxide

For Research Use Only

NOTE: This kit possesses the necessary components to run this assay in the absence of cadmium beads. Cadmium is a recyclable resource and should be provided from another source to complete the functionality of this kit. If you require a source for this material, contact Oxford Biomedical Research at 800-692-4633.

INTRODUCTION

This kit allows you to measure total nitric oxide (NO) produced for *in vitro* experimental systems following conversion of nitrate to nitrite by metallic cadmium.

Nitric oxide can be spectrophotometrically assayed by measuring the accumulation of its stable degradation products, nitrate and nitrite. The ratio of these two products in biological fluids, tissue culture media, etc. may vary substantially. Hence, for accurate assessment of the total nitric oxide generated, one must monitor both nitrate and nitrite. An excellent solution to this problem involves the conversion of nitrate to nitrite catalyzed by cadmium. This is then followed by the quantitation of nitrite using the Griess reaction.

This kit is suitable for the quantitative determination of total nitric oxide in samples that have high protein concentrations. The cadmium catalyst proves far more robust when in the presence of harsh deproteinating reagents than the alternative, nitrate reductase.

PRINCIPLES OF PROCEDURE

In aqueous solution, nitric oxide rapidly degrades to nitrate and nitrite. Spectrophotometric quantitation of nitrite using Griess Reagent is straightforward, but does not measure nitrate. This kit employs metallic cadmium for quantitative conversion of nitrate to nitrite (Figure 1) prior to quantitation of nitrate using Griess reagent — thus providing for accurate determination of total NO production.

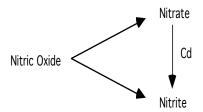


Figure 1: The reduction of nitrate to nitrite

This kit can be used to accurately measure as little as 1 pmol/mL ($\sim 1\mu M$) NO produced in aqueous solutions. Very little sample is required (1 to 100 μ L depending on the [NO] in the sample). The completed reaction is read at 540 nm.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Component	Contents	Quantity	Storage	Cat. No.
ZnSO ₄ Solution	30% (w/v) solution of Zinc Sulfate for deproteination	2 mL	4°C	NB88b
Microcentrifuge Tubes	1.5 mL microcentrifuge tubes for sample incubation	50 tubes	4°C	NB88c
Color Reagent #1	Sulfanilamide (p-Aminobenzenesulfonamide) in 3N HCl	7 mL	4°C	NB88d
Color Reagent #2	N-(1-Naphthyl) ethylenediamine dihydrochloride in H_2O	7 mL	4°C	NB88e
Nitrite Standard	500 pmol/ μ L NaNO ₂ (equivalent to 500 μ M NO)	1.5 mL	4°C	NB88f
Microplate	96-well low-binding flat-bottom microplate	1 plate	4°C	NB88g
0.1 M HCl	Acidic solution used to wash Cadmium Beads	125 mL	4°C	NB88h
0.1 M NH ₄ OH	Basic solution used to wash Cadmium Beads	125 mL	4°C	NB88i

MATERIALS NEEDED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Adjustable pipettes (10-1,000 µL) and disposable tips
- 2. Microcentrifuge tubes
- 3. Microplate reader with 540 nm filter
- 4. Vortex mixer
- 5. Deionized water
- 6. Granulated Cadmium beads (99.9%)

STORAGE CONDITIONS

- 1. Recycled Cadmium should be stored in a dedicated dry environment and washed before use.
- 2. Store this kit and its components at 4°C until use.
- 3. Do not freeze.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Use aseptic technique when opening and dispensing reagents.
- 2. This kit is designed to work properly as provided and instructed. Additions, deletions, or substitutions to the procedure or reagents are not recommended, as they may be detrimental to the assay.
- 3. Exercise universal precautions during the performance or handling of this kit or any component contained therein.

PROCEDURAL NOTES

- 1. Reagents can be used immediately upon removal from refrigeration.
- 2. Performance of the entire kit at once is not required. When performing this kit in part, please adhere to the following:
 - All unused components should be returned to their respective storage areas.
 - Create a standard curve for each performance of the assay. The prepared Standards may be stored at 4°C for up to 24 hours. Sufficient stock solution of standard is provided for two standard curves.
- 3. To minimize error due to handling, wipe the exterior bottom of the microplate wells with a lint-free paper towel.
- 4. Take note of the volume of each sample at the various stages of preparation and assay procedure to ensure proper dilution factor and NO concentration calculation.

REAGENT PREPARATION

- 1. **Cadmium Beads:** Cadmium Beads should be washed following the procedure below prior to use. Cadmium Beads may be prepared days prior to its intended use and should be stored in a sealed container under inert gas such as nitrogen or argon.
 - a. Place the desired amount of Cd⁺⁺ in an appropriately sized, sealable container. Please consider that for every 0.5 g of Cd⁺⁺ there will be 1.0 mL of wash solution applied.
 - b. Apply 1.0 mL of Deionized Water for every 0.5 g of Cd⁺⁺ to be used. Seal container and mix by inversion.
 - c. Decant the remaining solution and repeat Step b one time. Remove residual amounts of solution with a probing pipette or by dabbing with a lint-free paper towel.
 - d. Apply 1.0 mL of 0.1 M HCl Solution for every 0.5 g of Cd⁺⁺ to be used. Seal container and mix by inversion.
 - e. Decant the remaining solution and repeat Step d one time. Remove residual amounts of solution with a probing pipette or by dabbing with a lint-free paper towel.
 - f. Apply 1.0 mL of 0.1 M NH₄OH Solution for every 0.5 g of Cd⁺⁺ to be used. Seal container and mix by inversion.
 - g. Decant the remaining solution and repeat Step f one time. Remove residual amounts of solution with a probing pipette or by dabbing with a lint-free paper towel.
 - h. The washed and dried Cd⁺⁺ is now ready for use. If you are not using the washed Cd⁺⁺ immediately, it should be stored under inert gas such as nitrogen or argon in a sealed container.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

This kit is designed for use with samples possessing high concentrations of protein such as serum, culture medium or tissue homogenates. Each sample should be diluted according to its presence of NO metabolites (nitrate and nitrite). Pilot studies or other research should serve as a precedent for the optimal dilution.

- 1. Adjust 10-50 μ L of sample volume to 190 μ L with Deionized Water.
- 2. Add 10 μL of ZnSO₄ Solution to the 190 μL of diluted sample, vigorously mix and incubate at room temperature (RT) for 15 minutes.
- 3. Centrifuge sample at $3,000 \ge g$ for 5 minutes.
- 4. Transfer the resulting supernatant to a collection tube for sample storage at -20° C or proceed to the Sample Incubation Procedure located below.

SAMPLE INCUBATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Place approximately 0.5 g of washed and dried Cadmium Beads in a dedicated centrifuge tube for each representative sample.
- 2. Add the deproteinated and clarified sample directly to dedicated centrifuge tube with the Cd⁺⁺ present. Incubate at RT overnight with agitation.
- 3. After incubation, transfer the sample to a clean microcentrifuge tube. Centrifuge for 5 minutes at $3,000 \times g$. Begin the assay within 1 hour for best results. The used Cadmium Beads should be collected and washed as indicated in the Reagent Preparation section above.

STANDARD PREPARATION

The stock nitrite standard is provided as a 500 μ MNO equivalents (500 pmol/ μ L of NaNO₂). Prepare the standards according to the following Table 1. The Standards do not need to be incubated with the Cadmium Beads.

Table 1:	Preparation	of Standard	Curve
----------	-------------	-------------	-------

	NO Equivalents	Deionized Water	Transfer Volume	Transfer	Final Volume	
Standard	(µM)	(mL)	(mL)	Source	(mL)	
S ₇	100	2.0	0.5	Standard Stock	2.0	
S_6	50	0.5	0.5	S ₇	0.5	
S ₅	25	0.5	0.5	S_6	0.5	
S_4	10	0.75	0.5	S ₅	0.75	
S ₃	5	0.5	0.5	S_4	0.5	
S_2	1	2.0	0.5	S_3	2.0	
S ₁	0.5	0.5	0.5	S_2	1.0	
B ₀	0	0.5			0.5	
u						

ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Add 100 μ L of Standards or Samples to the microplate in duplicate. **Note:** Samples may require further dilution with deionized water if the NO concentration exceeds the standard curve parameters.

2. Add 50 µL of Color Reagent #1 to each well and shake briefly.

3. Add 50 µL of Color Reagent #2 to each well. Shake for 5 minutes at room temperature.

4. Read the plate at 540 nm.

Scheme I:												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
А	S7	S7	U1	U_1	U9	U9	U17	U17	U25	U25	U33	U33
В	S6	S6	U_2	U_2	U10	U10	U18	U18	U26	U26	U34	U34
С	S5	S5	U3	U3	U11	U11	U19	U19	U27	U27	U35	U35
D	S4	S4	U4	U4	U12	U12	U20	U20	U28	U28	U36	U36
Е	S 3	S 3	U5	U5	U13	U13	U21	U21	U29	U29	U37	U37
F	s ₂	s ₂	U6	U ₆	U14	U14	U22	U22	U30	U30	U38	U38
G	S ₁	s_1	U7	U7	U15	U15	U23	U23	U31	U31	U39	U39
Н	B0	B0	U8	U8	U_{16}	U_{16}	U_{24}	U_{24}	U32	U32	U40	U40

CALCULATIONS

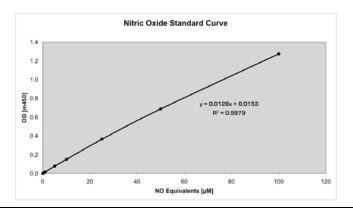
1. Average the O.D. values for each replicate of sample and standard.

- 2. Subtract the average O.D. value of the blank wells (B0) from all other pairs of wells.
- 3. Plot the standard curve using the standard concentration (X-axis) vs. the corresponding O.D. (Y-axis). A typical standard curve is shown on the next page.
- 4. Determine the concentration of each sample by interpolation from the standard curve using the Y-intercept equation. Remember to multiply by any dilution factors from the prparation steps.

Note: The standard curve is demonstrated in μM Nitric Oxide equivalents but can alternatively be demonstrated in pmol/mL of NaNO₂.

 $1 \text{ nM NO} = 1 \text{ pmol/mL NaNO}_2$

Figure 2: Typical Standard Curve



REFERENCES

1. Schmidt, H.H., et. al., (1995) Biochemica 2:22-23

DISCLAIMER

This information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Oxford Biomedical Research, Inc. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See catalog for additional terms and conditions of sale.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

If you need technical information or assistance with assay procedures, please call our Technical Support Department at 800-692-4633 or 248-852-8815. Our staff will answer your questions about this or any other product in the Oxford Biomedical line.

GUARANTEE AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Oxford Biomedical Research, Inc. makes no guarantee of any kind, expressed or implied, which extends beyond the description of the material in this ELISA kit, except that these materials and this kit will meet our specifications at the time of delivery. Buyer's remedy and Oxford Biomedical Research, Inc.'s sole liability hereunder is limited to, at Oxford Biomedical Research, Inc.'s option, refund of the purchase price of, or the replacement of, material that does not meet our specification. By acceptance of our products, Buyer indemnifies and holds Oxford Biomedical Research, Inc. harmless against, assumes all liability for the consequence of its use or misuse by the Buyer, its employees, or others. Said refund or replacement is conditioned of Buyer notifying Oxford Biomedical Research, Inc. within (30) days of the receipt of product. Failure of Buyer to give said notice within said thirty (30) days shall constitute a waiver by the Buyer of all claims hereunder with respect to said material(s).

Oxford Biomedical Research, Inc. P.O. Box 522 Oxford, MI 48371 U.S.A.

Orders: 800-692-4633 Technical Service: 248-852-8815 Fax: 248-852-4466 E-mail: <u>info@oxfordbiomed.com</u>

Made in the U.S.A.